

	Securing America’s Future Act- H.R. 4760	Ryan Amnesty Compromise Draft
<p>Amnesty</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The amnesty happens immediately under both bills (just as in the Gang of 8 bill, the wall “trigger” in the Ryan bill is only for the special path to citizenship, not the initial amnesty) 	<p>690,000 existing DACA recipients with Federal ID card may apply for contingent nonimmigrant status, which may be renewed every 3 years indefinitely</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Makes ineligible aliens with two or more misdemeanors or a felony - Makes ineligible aliens charged with a misdemeanor or felony while the charge or charges are still pending 	<p>1,800,000-2,400,000 illegal aliens who may have been eligible for DACA may apply for contingent nonimmigrant status, which may be renewed every 6 years indefinitely</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Applications could reach 5 million or more - Immigration enforcement across the country will come to a virtual halt as every illegal alien under the age of 40 will claim eligibility and the right to apply for amnesty - Illegal aliens who have been ordered removed or are in removal proceedings must be given the chance to apply for amnesty (pp.173-176) - Makes ineligible aliens with two or more misdemeanors or a felony, except for certain aliens convicted of smuggling - Fails to make ineligible aliens charged with a misdemeanor or felony while the charge or charges are still pending
<p>Special Path to Citizenship</p>	<p>None</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Amnestied aliens may apply for green cards through existing pathways, including marriage to a US citizen or sponsorship by an employer 	<p>Creates a “merit-based” green card category specifically for amnestied aliens and certain children of H-1B, L, and E guestworkers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 78,400 green cards each year would be made available for this category (55,000 reallocated from the visa lottery and 23,400 reallocated from the Family 3rd Preference) - Every amnestied alien with a high school diploma who can pass a basic English test would qualify for this path to citizenship
<p>Visa Lottery</p>	<p>Reallocates the 55,000 lottery visas to the employment-based preference categories</p>	<p>Reallocates the 55,000 lottery visas to the special path to citizenship for amnesty recipients and the children of certain guestworkers</p>
<p>Chain Migration</p>	<p>Ends chain migration</p>	<p>Does not end chain migration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Continues to allow parents of citizens, including the parents of amnestied DACA recipients, to be sponsored for a green card with no numerical limit - Continues the unmarried adult children categories - Reallocates the married adult children green cards to special path to citizenship for amnesty recipients as well as for the children of certain guestworkers - Reallocates the siblings category green cards for employment-based preferences

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Enforcement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Improves border security- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Authorizes \$10.3 billion each year, from 2018-2022, of which- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - \$9.3 billion is for the construction of physical barriers; and - \$1 billion is for improving tactical infrastructure. - Allows for Border Patrol access to all Federal lands; - Requires the completion of the biometric entry/exit system; - Adds additional Border Patrol and CBP officers and authorizes the National Guard to assist border patrol; - Criminalizes visa overstays; - Strengthens interior immigration enforcement- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fully authorizes the Department of Justice to withhold grants to sanctuary jurisdictions; - Establishes a private right of action against sanctuary jurisdictions for victims of murder, rape, or any felony committed by criminal aliens who were released as a result of sanctuary policies; - Grants immunity to state and local law enforcement for honoring ICE detainers; - Requires DHS to enter into 287(g) agreements with localities that request an agreement; - Allows for the continued detention of criminal aliens whose home countries refuse or unreasonably delay repatriation; - Increases penalties for illegal reentry (Kate's Law); - Tightens the "credible fear" standard to reduce asylum fraud; - Addresses loopholes in the handling of unaccompanied alien children (UACs), allowing for their expeditious return and requiring the initiation of removal proceedings against their parents if illegally present in the U.S.; and - Makes gang members and individuals with multiple DUIs inadmissible and deportable. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Improves border security- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Appropriates \$24.3 billion total, from 2018-2026, of which- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - \$16.6 billion is for the construction of physical barriers; and - \$6.8 billion is for improving tactical infrastructure. - Allows for Border Patrol access to all Federal lands; - Requires the completion of the biometric entry/exit system; - Adds additional Border Patrol and CBP officers and authorizes the National Guard to assist border patrol; - _____ - Strengthens interior immigration enforcement- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - _____ - _____ - Establishes a private right of action against sanctuary jurisdictions for victims of murder, rape, or sexual abuse of a minor committed by criminal aliens who were released as a result of sanctuary policies; - Grants immunity to state and local law enforcement for honoring ICE detainers; - _____ - _____ - Allows for the continued detention of criminal aliens whose home countries refuse or unreasonably delay repatriation; - _____ - _____ - Tightens the "credible fear" standard to reduce asylum fraud; - Addresses loopholes in the handling of unaccompanied alien children (UACs), allowing for their expeditious return; and - _____ - _____ - Makes gang members and individuals with multiple DUIs inadmissible and deportable.