1* In recent years, the government has issued permanent work permits to around 10 million new immigrants each decade. Should the government reduce that number, increase it, or keep it about the same?

44% Reduce the number of permanent work permits
16% Increase it
31% Keep it about the same
9% Not sure

2* The Census Bureau projects that under current immigration policies the United States is on a trend to nearly double its population this century, with most of the growth caused by new immigrants and their descendants. If the population in your state were to double in that way, would it make the quality of life a lot worse, somewhat worse, somewhat better or a lot better?

39% A lot worse
31% Somewhat worse
12% Somewhat better
5% A lot better
9% No difference
5% Not sure

GROUPINGS:  70% Worse
17% Better
9% No difference

INTENSITY:  39% A lot worse
5% A lot better

3* The government has increased immigration from around 3 million a decade before 1970 to 10 million today. That now is the cause of most population growth. Does the government need to reduce immigration to slow down U.S. population growth, keep immigration the same to ensure that population doubles this century, or increase immigration so the U.S. population will MORE than double?

64% Reduce immigration to slow down population growth
22% Keep immigration the same to double the population
6% Increase immigration to MORE than double the population
8% Not sure

4* The U.S. Senate passed a bill this summer to raise the number of green cards for new immigrants from 10 million in the last decade to 20 million in the next decade. Do you support or oppose this increase?

28% Support
59% Oppose
13% Not sure
NATIONAL Survey of 1,000 Likely Voters
Conducted August 8, 2013
By Pulse Opinion Research

NOTE: Margin of Sampling Error, +/- 3 percentage points with a 95% level of confidence

5* Do less-educated immigrant workers compete with less-educated Americans for construction, hospitality and other service jobs?

- 58% Yes
- 23% No
- 19% Not sure

6* SUPPORTERS of the Senate bill's increase in LESS-educated foreign workers say it is needed because the country faces labor shortages in construction, hospitality and other service occupations. OPPONENTS say the jobs should be filled from the 10 million LESS-educated Americans that the government says currently want a full-time job but cannot find one. Which do you agree with more: we have labor shortages that require increases in less-educated foreign workers, or there are plenty of unemployed less-educated Americans to fill the jobs?

- 17% Labor shortages require increases in less-educated foreign workers
- 75% There are plenty of unemployed less-educated Americans to fill the jobs
- 8% Not sure

7* When employers say they have trouble finding an American to take a job, would it be better for the country if the employers raise the pay to attract an unemployed American worker or if they bring in a new immigrant worker to keep the labor costs down?

- 71% Raise the pay to attract an unemployed American worker
- 10% Bring in a new immigrant worker to keep the costs down
- 18% Not sure

8* SUPPORTERS of the Senate bill say bringing in more immigrant workers would create economic growth which would provide more jobs for unemployed Americans. OPPONENTS of the bill say adding more immigrant workers would increase job competition for unemployed Americans, making it harder for them to find jobs. Will bringing in more immigrant workers create more jobs for unemployed Americans or make it harder for them to find a job?

- 19% More immigrant workers would create more jobs for unemployed Americans
- 68% More immigrant workers would make it harder for unemployed Americans to find a job
- 13% Not sure
9* The nation’s highest unemployment and poverty rates are among Black and Hispanic Americans, among younger Americans of all ethnicities, and among Americans with disabilities. Do you strongly agree, somewhat agree, somewhat disagree or strongly disagree that businesses should try harder to recruit and train these unemployed Americans before seeking new foreign workers?

60% Strongly agree  
27% Somewhat agree  
5% Somewhat disagree  
2% Strongly disagree  
6% Not sure

GROUPINGS:  87% Agree  
7% Disagree

INTENSITY:  60% Strongly agree  
2% Strongly disagree

10* The Senate bill also offers lifetime work permits to 11 million foreign citizens who are in this country illegally. As the U.S. House of Representatives considers the issue, should it offer the work permits to nearly all the 11 million illegal immigrants, to only some who have compelling cases after living here a long time, or to none of them?

16% Nearly all  
53% Only some  
22% None  
10% Not sure

11* For any illegal immigrants who end up being offered legalization, should they be given work permits allowing them to compete with unemployed Americans BEFORE or AFTER full implementation of border and workplace enforcement to stop future flows of illegal workers?

24% Work permits first BEFORE full implementation of enforcement  
58% Work permits only AFTER Full implementation of enforcement  
18% Not sure